

50X1-HUM

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SECURITY INFORMATION
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

REPORT

INFORMATION REPORT

CD NO.

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COUNTRY Yugoslavia

DATE DISTR. 6 December 1951

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Conditions

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SECURITY INFORMATION

AN ENCLOSURE TO

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A) - YUGOSLAV LAND FORCES

1) Troops

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Nov 50 - Infantry Battalion

STARIBECET

hilled in barracks on which no details

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are available.

B) MILITARY AVIATION

Airport

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Nov 50 - Military airport of

NADALJ

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C) ECONOMIC INFORMATION

1) Agriculture

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2
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Nov 50 - Number of domestic animals in Yugoslavia

The present number does not exceed 52%
of prewar figures.

It will take several years before reaching the
prewar level

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the time required to
reach that level is:

- 2-3 years for swine
- 10-15 years for horses and cattle

The principal cause of such a slow
recovery is considered the obligatory
installation (in some regions) of the
kolkhozes because ~~a~~ ~~very~~ large numbers
of animals are collected in a kolkhoz
without a proportionate amount of equip-
ment (stables, pasturage, etc.) or sufficient

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2-3
medicine to control sudden out-breaks of epidemics. Hence there are frequent cases where whole herds die as a result of infection by one animal which could not be immediately quarantined and treated.

Contributory causes are:

- lack of veterinarians
- lack of instruments
- lack of medicines

The number of available veterinarians in Yugoslavia is far less than the number needed.

The new veterinarians have not finished their studies.

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they have the right to practice after a few months of schooling).

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3/ In 1946 Bulgaria had 1400 veterinarians as compared with 200 in Yugoslavia at that time.

Among the instruments which are scarce are syringes ^{and} thermometers. The few in use are either old or locally made in the locality.

Medicines are scarce, especially serums for horse and cattle diseases, although a sufficient stock for consumption should be possible from national production in enterprises at:

- Zagreb

- Zemun

- Subotica

- Novi Sad (Veterinarski Promet).

The two main reasons for this scarcity are:

45

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3-4

- a large part of the serum is exported
- the necessary knowledge and equipment are lacking for the occasional use made of these serum after infection of large number of cattle led into a kolkhoz.

2) Veterinary organizations

Nov 50 - By a recent arrangement (early in 1956) the Srez ^(local) veterinary offices are no longer under the veterinary district (veterinarski okrug) but directly under the Ministry of Agriculture.

Under every Srez office there are 2 or more branches with one veterinary.

Before this time, as stated above, the Srez veterinary offices were under the district (okrug) offices.

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4

Thus for the Vojvodina there are:

- a district office: at Novi Sad, called the

"glavni veterinar za Vojvodnu" (main
veterinary ~~off~~ for the Vojvodina)

- a local office at Stari Bеој (with a

single veterinary called the "sef Srepski
veterinar" (Chief Srepski Veterinary)

Under this latter office there are 3

regional veterinaries (region), the main ones being:

- 1 at Stari Bеој (Senta [redacted])

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- 1 at Petrovo Selo (Senta [redacted])

- 1 at Subotica (Novi Vrtas [redacted])

The setup in Beој is different since it has

no "sej" veterinary. The plan calls

for only one, the Srepski veterinary

3) Collective farming

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4-5

Nov 50 -

collective farming

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has greatly impeded national agricultural
production.

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Oct 50 - Kolkhozes at

BARKO PETROVO SELC

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There were 4, called:

- "May First"

- "Pobeda"

- "Bratstvo--Iedinstvo"

- "Patriot" (name of a poet)

In October 1950 each kolkhoz had

the following animals:

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5-6
- May First Kolkhoz

- horses : 105

- cattle : 100

- swine : 130

- sheep : 200

- Pobeda Kolkhoz

- horses : 30

- cattle : 22

- swine : 75

- sheep : 61

- Bratsko - Zhdinstvo Kolkhoz

- horses : 93

- cattle : 60

- swine : 106

- sheep : 267

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b - Petioli Kolkhoz

- horses : 20

- cattle : 20

- swine : 55

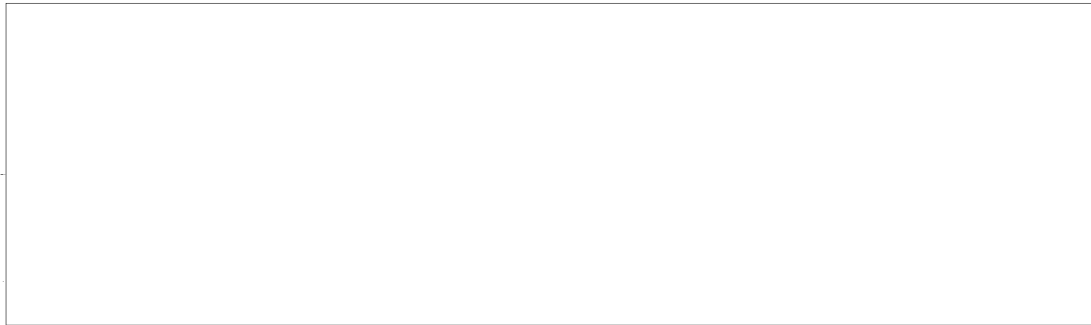
- sheep : 110 -

D) POLITICAL INFORMATION

July -

Aug 46 - Failure of the coup d'etat in Bulgaria

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All the conspirators, including most of the army cadres, were awaiting the order to act which was to be given by the then President Kimon Georgiev (now Minister without portfolio). He did not issue the order for reasons which were not clear at the time but can be easily understood.

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now considering the post he holds.

*As a result 3,000 officers were removed
from the roster.*

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- END -

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